

REVIEW: Chapter 19

Section 1: Gilded Age and Progressive Reform



Spoils System: giving political supporters government jobs
This led to many unqualified people getting important jobs

Civil Service: created to get rid of the Spoils System
People had to be qualified to get a government job.

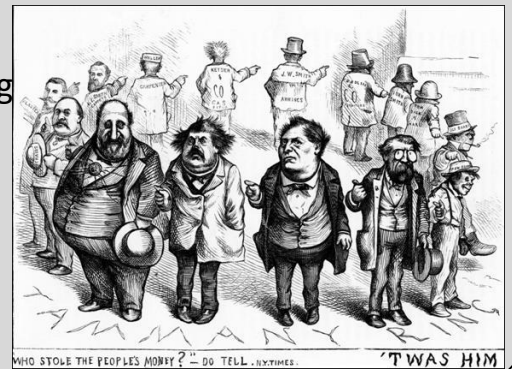


Corruption

Boss Tweed: a Political Boss in NYC.



- Stole \$200 million from city
- Tammany hall was the political ring that ran NYC



Government needed to be cleaned up!

Robert LaFollette, Governor of Wisconsin:

- 4 Big Ideas** =
1. **Primary:** voters select party leaders
 2. **Initiative:** voters out bill before state legislature
 3. **Recall:** vote elected official out of office.
 4. **Referendum:** people vote directly for a law.



Muckrakers: Journalists that brought attention to the bad things in government and business.

I drew
cartoons
about
corrupt
politicians.



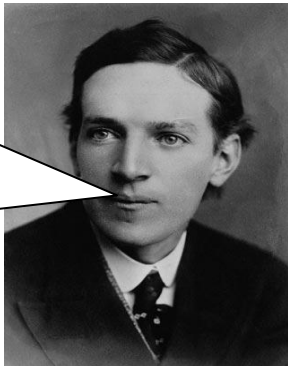
Thomas Nast, cartoonist

I wrote about
Standard Oil
and **big**
business.



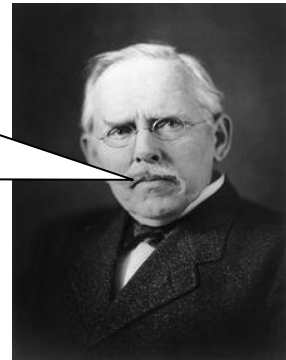
Ida Tarbell, writer

I wrote
The Jungle
about the
meat
industry.



Upton Sinclair, writer

I took
pictures of
the **slums** and
city life.



Jacob Riis, photographer

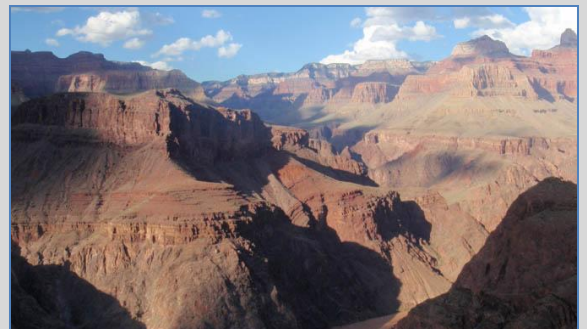
Section 2: The Progressive Presidents

President Theodore Roosevelt



✓ **The Trustbuster** (get rid of bad trusts)

✓ **Conservationist** (established National Parks)



Square Deal

=

everyone in the U.S. should have the same opportunities to succeed.



Election of 1912

William H. Taft

Woodrow Wilson.....WINNER!

Theodore Roosevelt



President Wilson's New Freedom

- ✓ *Restore competition in business*
- ✓ *Make sure businesses were being fair*

Sherman Antitrust Act:

- **stopped** big businesses from **destroying competition**



Clayton Antitrust Act:

- **stopped** some big businesses from **limiting competition**.

These LAWS PROTECTED COMPETITION

Section 3: The Rights of Women

THE SENECA FALLS CONVENTION

July 19–20, 1848

- ✓ Women meet to discuss the need for
 - more rights.
- ✓ Women want the RIGHT TO VOTE & ACCESS to JOBS and EDUCATION

Suffragists = fought for women's right to vote



Susan B. Anthony



Carrie Chapman Catt

Temperance Movement

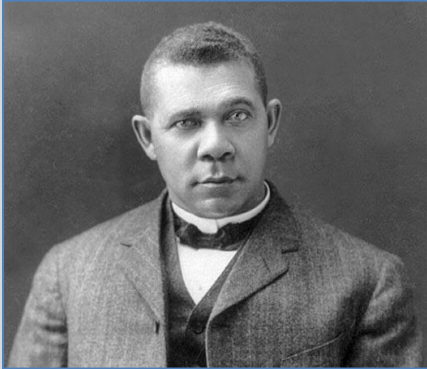
Women's Christian Temperance Union
led campaign against alcohol.



Section 4: Struggles for Justice

African-Americans

Booker T. Washington



- ✓ *former slave*
- ✓ *founded the Tuskegee Institute*
- ✓ *African-Americans should learn a trade*
- ✓ *Slow equality*

W.E.B. DuBois



- ✓ *should fight against discrimination*
- ✓ *founded the NAACP*
- ✓ *Rapid equality*



NAACP – *National Association for the Advancement of Colored People*

➔ Worked for the rights of African-Americans

Mexican Americans: famine and political unrest led to increase in immigration to the U.S.

- ➡ *paid lower wages*
- ➡ *not able to get good jobs*

Mutualistas: collected money to help families that needed it.



Asian Americans

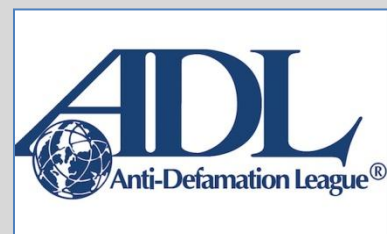
- President Roosevelt had a **“Gentlemen’s Agreement”** with Japan to stop sending workers to the U.S.



Religious Minorities

Anti-Defamation League:

- ➡ Founded by American Jews
- ➡ Work to promote understanding
- ➡ Fight prejudice against Jews



Amendments to Know



16th Amendment: Graduated income tax



17th Amendment: Direct election of U.S. Senators



18th amendment: Prohibition of alcohol



19th Amendment: Women's right to vote